

LIGHT EMITTING DIODE SPECIFICATION

DESCRIPTION:	IE-3535UVC-270-10mW-CE
REVISION :	V2.2
ISSUE DATE :	2023-09-27

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Features:

- Long operating life
- Low Power Consumption
- Wide Viewing Angle
- RoHS Compliant
- Quartz Glass Lens

Application:

- Sterilization
- UV curing
- Bio-analysis/detection

Part Number	Dice Material	Emitted Color	Lens Color
IE-3535UVC-270-10mW	InGaN	UVC	Water Clear

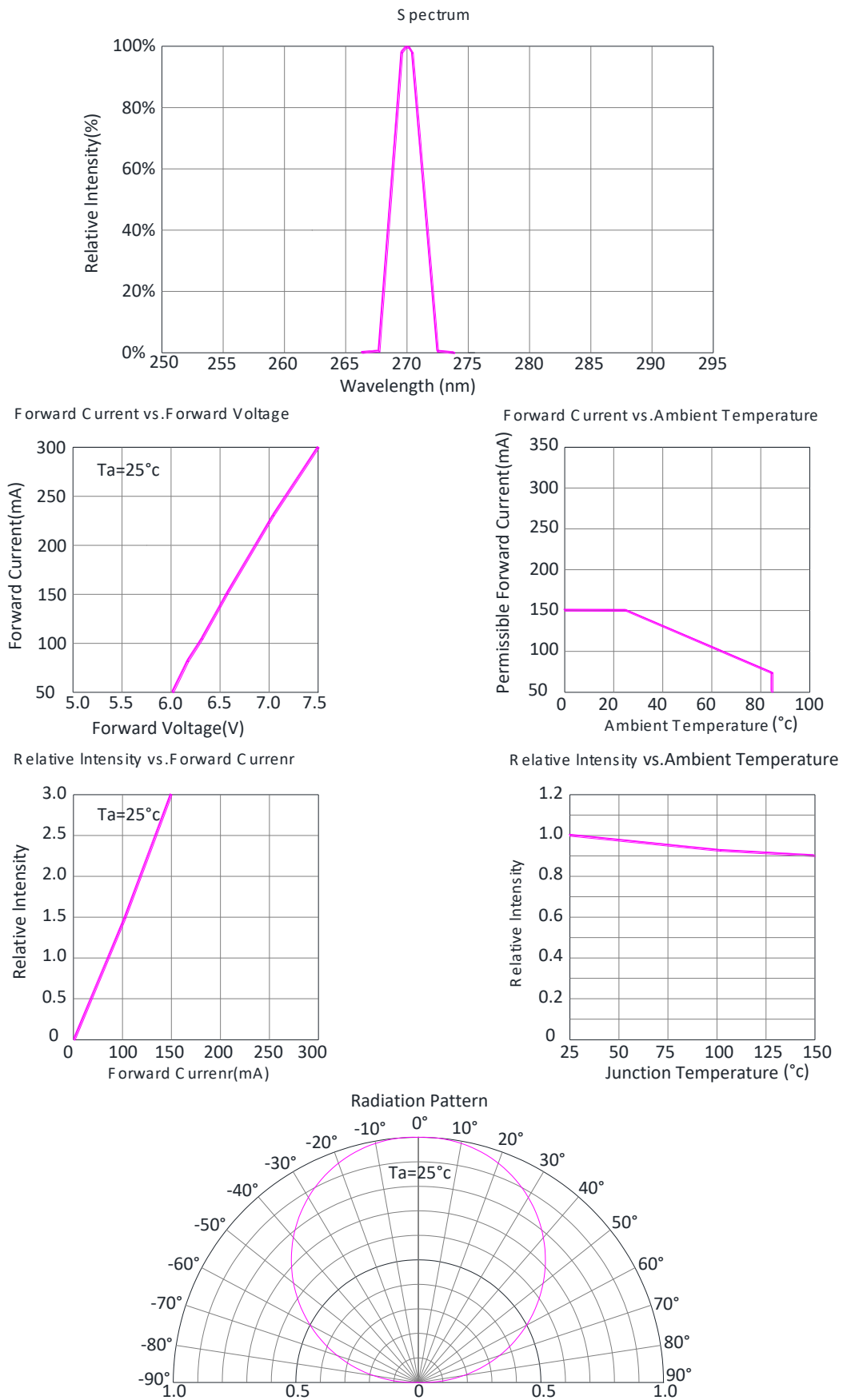
Electro-Optical Characteristics (T_a=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Radiation power	Φ _e	10	15	20	mW	IF=100mA
Forward Voltage	V _F	5.5	6.5	7.5	v	
Dominant Wavelength	λ _d	265	270	275	nm	
Radiation Bandwidth	Δλ	-	10	-	nm	
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}	-	120	-	deg	
Reverse Current	I _R	-	-	10	uA	VR=5V

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_a=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Max.	Unit
Power Dissipation	P _d	500	mW
Peak Forward Current(1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	I _{PF}	150	mA
Forward Current	I _F	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	v
Thermal Resistance	R _{th}	6.5	°C/W
Junction Temperature	T _j	90	°C
Electrostatic Discharge	ESD	3000	v
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-40to+85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40to+90	°C
Reflow Soldering	T _{sld}	260°Cfor 10secs	

Optical & Electrical Characteristics



Bin Limits

Bin Range Of Radiant Intensity (Unit:mw)

Bin Code	Min	Max	Condition
L1	10	15	IF=100mA
L2	15	20	
L3	-	-	

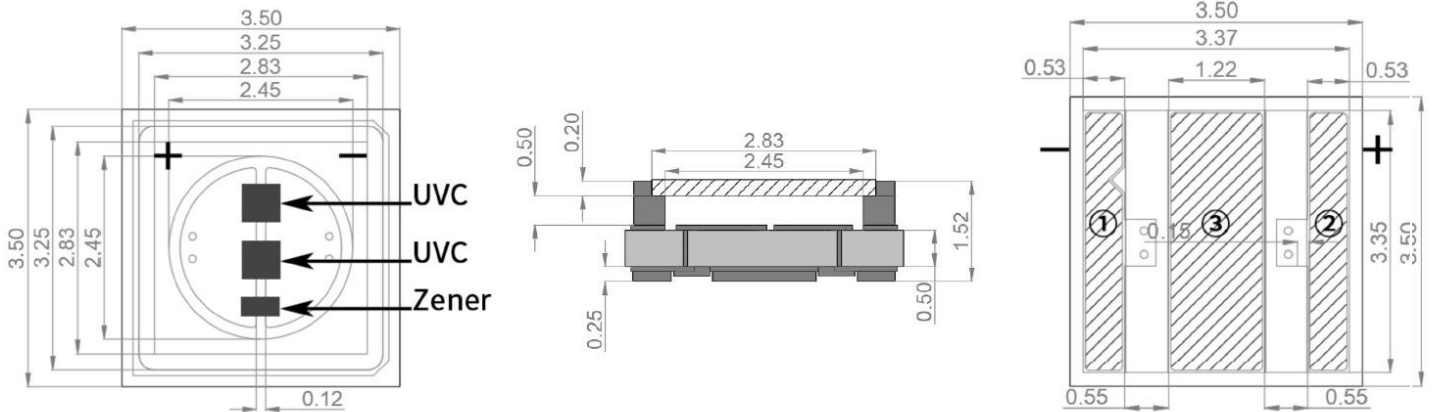
Bin Range Of Forward Voltage (Unit:V)

Bin Code	Min	Max	Condition
V1	5.5	6.0	IF=100mA
V2	6.0	6.5	
V3	6.5	7.0	
V4	7.0	7.5	
V5	-	-	

Notes:

- 1.Tolerance of Luminous Intensity $\pm 10\%$
- 2.Tolerance of Forward Voltage $\pm 0.1V$

Product size (Unit:mm)

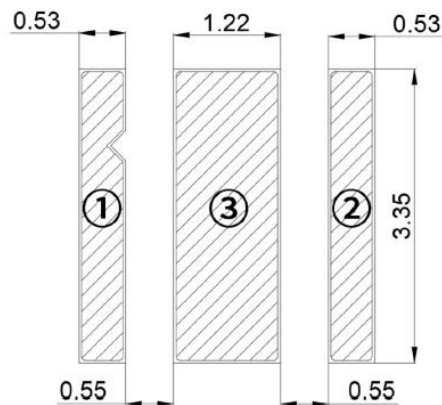


Determine the number of built-in chips based on customer needs

NOTES :

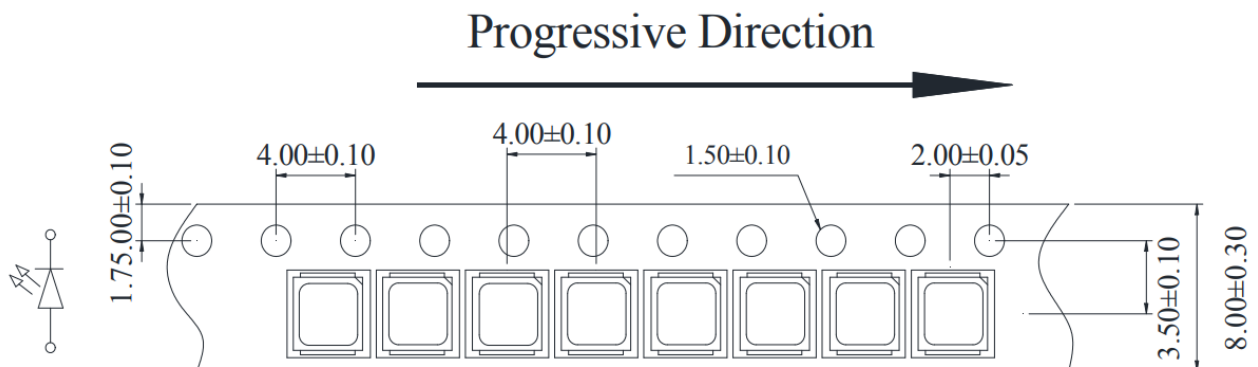
1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches)
2. Tolerances are $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ (0.01inch) unless otherwise noted

Recommended Soldering Pad Design (Unit:mm)

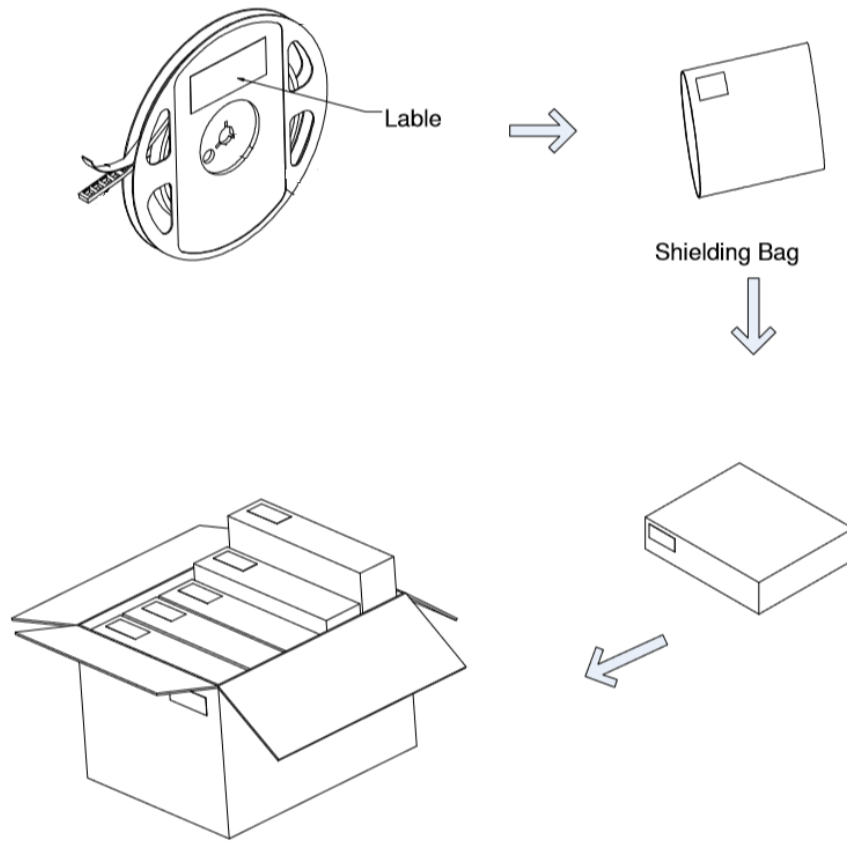


Taping and package Spec

- Tape Specification:1,000pcs Per Reel



Packaging



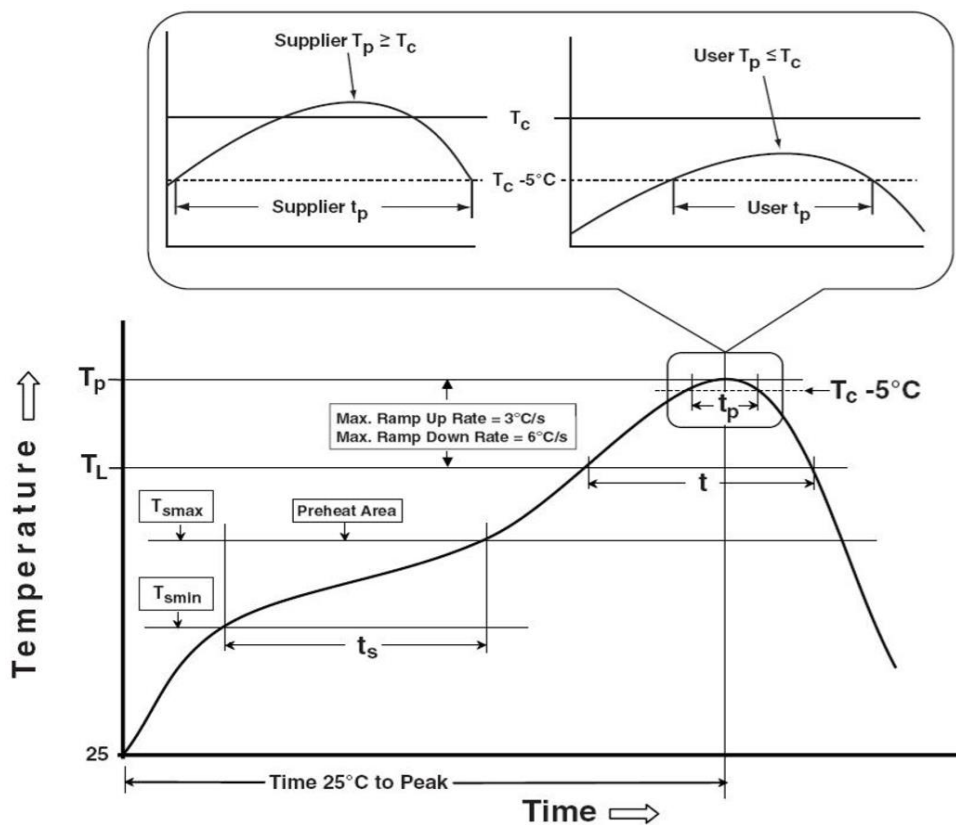
LabelStyle

MANUFACTURER	
	
P/N:XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	
Emitting Color: XXXX	
HUE: XXX-XXX nm	
IV : XXX-XXX mcd	
VF: XX-XX V	
QTY: XX PCS	
BIN Code: XX	
DATE: XXXX/XX/XX	
	
LOT NO.:XXXXXXX	

Table of Classification Reflow Profiles

Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly	Pb-Free Assembly
Preheat & Soak	100 °C	150 °C
Temperature min (T _{min})	150°C	200 °C
Temperature max (T _{max})	60-120 seconds	60-120 seconds
Time (T _{min} to T _{max}) (t _s)		
Average ramp-up rate (T _{max} to T _p)	3 °C/second max	3 °C/second max
Liquidous temperature (T _L)	183 °C	217 °C
Time at liquidous (t _L)	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak package body temperature (T _p)*	230 °C ~235 °C	255 °C ~260 °C
Classification temperature (T _c)	235 °C	260 °C
Time (t _p) within 5 °C of the specified Classification temperature (T _c)	20 seconds	30 seconds
Average ramp-down rate (T _p to T _{max})	6 °C/second max	6 °C/second max
Time 25 °C to peak temperature	6 minutes max	8 minutes max

1. Tolerance for peak profile temperature (T_p) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.
2. Tolerance for time at peak profile temperature (t_p) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.



Precautions

1. Storage :

- Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, to keep moisture to a minimum.
- Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 60% RH, and be used within a year.
- After opening the package, the product should be stored at 30°C or less and humidity less than 10%RH, and be soldered within 24 hours (1day). It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.
- If the moisture absorbent material has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition: (70±5)°C for 24 hours.



2. Static Electricity :

Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the forward voltage becoming lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current, even not light.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time, it is recommended that wrist bands or anti-electrostatic gloves, anti-electrostatic containers be used when dealing with the LEDs.

3. Vulcanization :

LED curing is due to sulfur being in brackets and the +1 price of silver in the chemical reaction generated Ag₂S in the process. It will lead to the capacity of reflecting of silver layer reducing, light color temperature drift and serious decline, seriously affecting the performance of the product. So we should take corresponding measures to avoid vulcanization, such as to avoid using sulphur volatile substances and keeping away from high sulphur content of the material.