

# LCD MODULE SPECIFICATION

Customer: \_\_\_\_\_

Module No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: 2023-09-23

Version: 0.1

- Pre-Specification for parameter checking
- Final-Specification for sample approval

**For Customer's Acceptance:**

Approved by	Comment

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## 1 General Specifications

No.	Item	Specification	Remark
1	LCD Size	4.3 inch (Diagonal)	
2	Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	
3	Resolution	480 (RGB) ×272	
4	Display Mode	Normally Black, Transmissive	
5	Pixel Pitch	0.066 (H) × 0.198 (V)	
6	Display Colors	65K/262K	
7	Surface Treatment	--	
8	Color Arrangement	RGB-Stripe	
9	Interface	MCU8/9/16Bit; 3/4-line/Dual SPI; QSPI (Optional)	
10	Viewing Direction	ALL	
11	Gray Scale Inversion Direction	--	Note 1
12	Outline Dimension (mm)	105.50 (W) ×67.20 (H) × 4.74(T)	
13	Active Area (mm)	95.04 (W) ×53.86 (H)	
14	Touch Screen	With CTP	
15	Display Driver IC		
16	Touch Driver IC	GT911	

Note 1: Viewing direction for best image quality is different from TFT definition. There is a 180°shift.

Note 2: RoHS compliant.

## 2 Pin Assignment

### 2.1 LCD Pin assignment

Match connector: XF2M-4015-1A (OMRON) or equivalent.

PIN	Symbol	I/O	Description	Remark
1	LEDK	P	LED Cathode	
2	LEDA	P	LED anode	
3	GND	P	Power Ground	
4	SPI4W	I	Std SPI 3/4 wire selection. SPI4W="H", 4 wire SPI; SPI4W="L", 3wire SPI.	
5	DB0	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB0.	
6	DB1	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB1.	
7	DB2	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB2.	
8	DB3	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB3.	
9	DB4	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB4.	
10	DB5	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB5.	
11	DB6	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB6.	
12	DB7	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB7.	
13	DB8	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB8.	
14	DB9	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB9.	
15	DB10	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB10.	
16	DB11	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB11.	
17	TE	O	Tearing effect output pin is used to synchronize MCU frame writing,	
18	DB12	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB12.	
19	DB13	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB13.	
20	DB14	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB14.	
21	DB15	I/O	MCU parallel interface data bus DB15.	
22	GND	P	Power Ground	
23	RESET	I	This signal will reset the device and it must be applied to properly initialize the chip,Signal is active low.	
24	WRX/SPI CLK	I	Write enable in MCU parallel interface; In Serial Interface, this is used as SCL.	
25	SPI-SDA	I/O	Serial input/output signal in serial interface mode.	
26	CS	I	Chip Selection Pin	
27	GND	P	Power Ground	
28	RDX	I	Read enable in 8080 MCU parallel interface.Fix to IOVCC level when not in use	
29	DCX/SPI RS	I	Data/command selection pin in parallel /4-line serial interface.	
30	GND	P	Power Ground	

31	IM1	I	Select interface mode :MCU8/16Bit; 3/4-line/Dual SPI; QSPI .	Note1
32	IM0	I	Select interface mode :MCU8/16Bit; 3/4-line/Dual SPI; QSPI.	Note1
33	VDDIO	P	Power supply for digital interface I/O pins	
34	VDD	P	LCM Power Supply .	
35	GND	P	Power Ground	
36	NC	-	No connection.	
37	NC	-	No connection.	
38	NC	-	No connection.	
39	NC	-	No connection.	
40	NC	-	No connection.	

I---Input, O---Output, P--- Power/Ground

Note1:Selection of these interface are set by IM<1:0> ,SPI4W pins as shown below Table:

SPI4W	IM1	IM0	Interface	Read Back Data Bus Selection
0	0	0	8080 series 8bit	DG3-2, DB7-2
			8080 series 9bit	DG4-2, DB7-2
			8080 series 16bit	DR5-2, DG7-2, DB7-2
0	0	1	3-wire Std SPI	SDA: In/Out
0	1	0	Dual SPI	SDA:In/Out DCX:In
0	1	1	Quad SPI	SDA:In/Out SDA/ SDO1 DCX:In DCX/SDO2 DB[0]:In SDO3 DB[1]:In SDO4
1	0	1	4 -wire Std SPI	SDA: In/Out ,DCX

## 2.2 Touch panel pin assignment

Match connector: XF2M-1015-1A by OMRON or equivalent

No.	Symbol	Description
1	GND	Ground
2	TP_VDD	TP 3.3V Power
3	SCL	I2C_SCL(2.8~3.3V), 4.7K~10K pull up resistor needed
4	NC	No connection
5	SDA	I2C_SDA (2.8~3.3V),4.7K~10K pull up resistor needed
6	NC	No connection
7	/RST	External reset(2.8~3.3V)
8	NC	No connection
9	INT	External interrupt (2.8~3.3V)
10	GND	Ground

## 3 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Ta = 25°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power Voltage	VDD	-0.30	+4.6	V	
	VDDIO	-0.30	+4.6	V	
	TP-VDD	-0.50	3.6	V	
Operating Temperature	Top	-30.0	85.0	°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>st</sub>	-30.0	85.0	°C	
Operating and Storage Humidity	H <sub>stg</sub>	10%	90%	%(RH)	

## 4. Electrical Characteristics

### 4.1 Recommended Operating Condition

VDD=3.3V, GND=0V, Ta = 25°C

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Power supply	VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V		
	VDDIO	1.65	3.3	3.6	V		
TP Power	TP-VDD	2.8	3.0	3.3	V		
Input Signal Voltage	Low Level	V <sub>IL</sub>	0	-	0.3 x VDDIO	V	
	High Level	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.7 x VDDIO	-	VDDIO	V	
Current of Power supply	I <sub>VDD</sub>	-	28	40	mA	VDD=3.3V, color bar pattern	
	I <sub>VDDIO</sub>	-	1	5	mA	VDDIO=3.3V, color bar pattern	

## 4.2 Backlight Unit Driving Condition

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Forward Current	$I_F$	-	40	50	mA	10 LEDs (5 LED Serial, 2 LED Parallel)
Forward Current Voltage	$V_F$	-	16	17	V	
Backlight Power Consumption	$W_{BL}$	-	640	850	mW	
Operating Life Time	--	30000	--	--	hrs	Note 2, Note 3

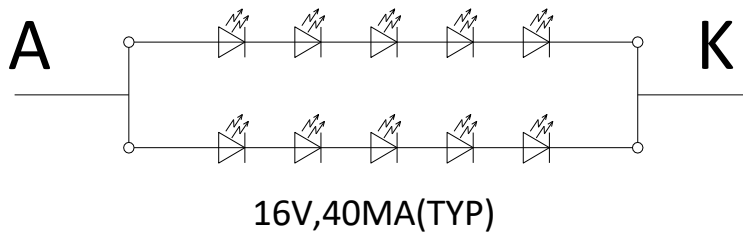
Note1: The LED driving condition is defined for each module (5LED Serial, 2 LED Parallel).

Note2: When LCM is operated, the stable forward current should be inputted. And forward voltage is for reference only.

Note3: Optical performance should be evaluated at  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$  When LED is driven at high current, high

ambient temperature & humidity condition. The life time of LED will be reduced. Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness. Typical operating life time is estimated data.

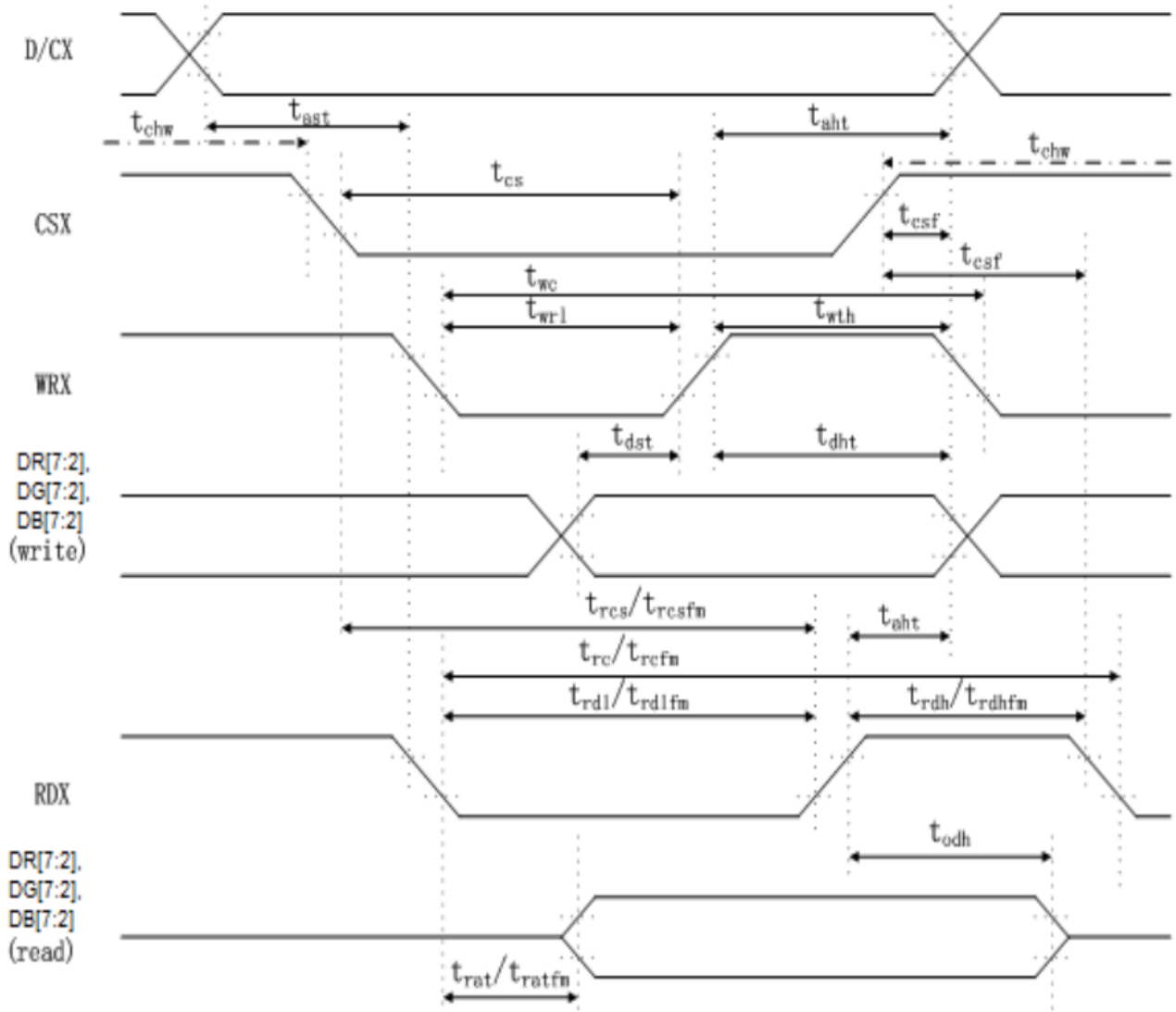
Note4: The LED driving condition is defined for each LED module.



## 5 Timing Chart

### 5.1 Parallel 8/9/16 bit Interface Characteristics.

( Note: DB[7:2] =D5~D0; DG[7:2] =D11~D6; DR[5:2] =D15~D12)



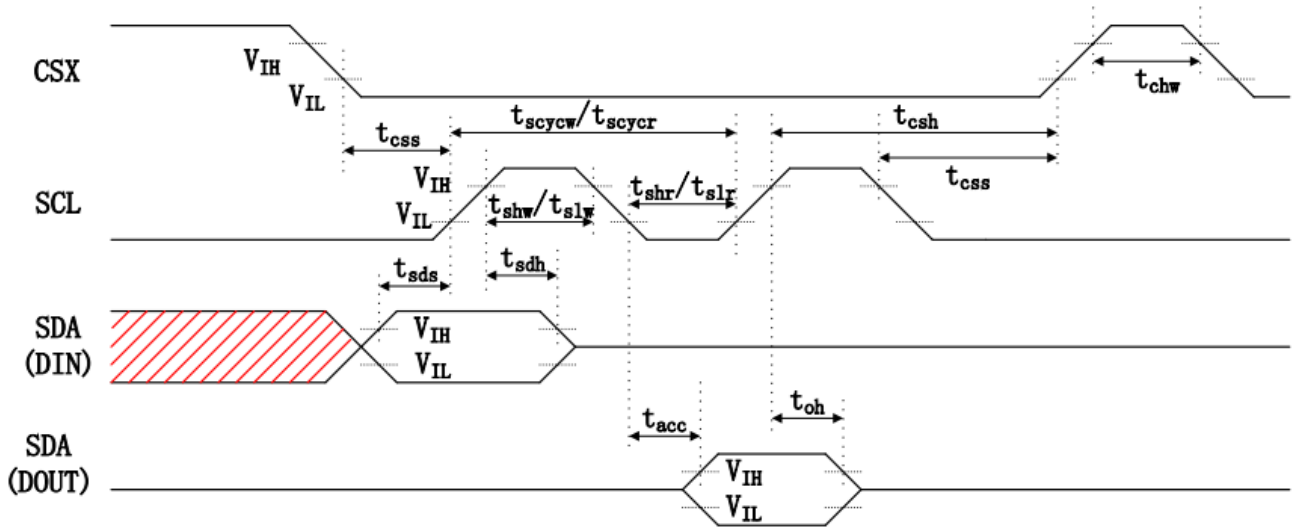
Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of IOVCC for Input signals.

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	UNIT	Description
D/CX	T <sub>AST</sub>	Address Setup Time	0		ns	
	T <sub>AHT</sub>	Address Hold Time (W/R)	10		ns	
CSX	T <sub>CHW</sub>	“S” “H” Pulse Width	25		ns	
	T <sub>CS</sub>	Chip Select Setup Time(W)	10		ns	
	T <sub>RCS</sub>	Chip Select Setup Time (Read ID)	45		ns	
	T <sub>RCSFM</sub>	Chip Select Setup Time (Read FM)	355		ns	
	T <sub>CSF</sub>	Chip Select Wait Time (W/R)	10		ns	
WRX	T <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle	50		ns	MCU 16 Bit Format (5-6-5): T <sub>wc</sub> >100ns (see “6.4.8.”)  MCU 16 Bit Format (6-6-6): T <sub>wc</sub> >66ns (see “6.4.9.” Figure 6.4.9.4)  Other Format T <sub>wc</sub> >50ns
	T <sub>WRH</sub>	Control Pulse H Duration	T <sub>WC</sub> /2		ns	
	T <sub>WRL</sub>	Control Pulse L Duration	T <sub>WC</sub> /2		ns	
RDX	T <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle(ID)	160		ns	When Read ID
	T <sub>RDH</sub>	Control Pulse H Duration(ID)	T <sub>RC</sub> /2		ns	
	T <sub>RDL</sub>	Control Pulse L Duration(ID)	T <sub>RC</sub> /2		ns	
RDX	T <sub>RCFM</sub>	Read Cycle(FM)	450		ns	When Read From Frame Memory
	T <sub>RDHFM</sub>	Control Pulse H Duration(FM)	T <sub>RCFM</sub> /2		ns	
	T <sub>RDLFM</sub>	Control Pulse L Duration(FM)	T <sub>RCFM</sub> /2		ns	
DR[7:2], DG[7:2], DB[7:2]	T <sub>DST</sub>	Data Setup Time	10		ns	CL <sub>max</sub> =30pF Cl <sub>min</sub> =8pF
	T <sub>DHT</sub>	Data Hold Time	10		ns	
	T <sub>RAT</sub>	Read Access Time(ID)		40	ns	
	T <sub>RATFM</sub>	Read Access Time(FM)		340	ns	
	T <sub>ODH</sub>	Output Disable Time	20	80	ns	

Note 1: IOVCC 1.65 to 3.3V, VCI=2.6 to 3.3V, AGND=DGND=0V, Ta=-30 to 70 °C (to +85°C no damage)

Note 2: This input signal rise time and fall time (Tr, Tf) is specified at 15 ns or less. Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of IOVCC for input signals

## 5.2 3/4-SPI/Dual-SPI/Quad-SPI Interface Characteristics.



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	UNIT	Description
CSX	T <sub>CSS</sub>	Chip Select Setup Time	10		ns	
	T <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip Select Hold Time	30		ns	
	T <sub>CHW</sub>	Chip Select "H" Pulse Width	30		ns	
SCL	T <sub>SCYCW</sub>	Serial Clock Cycle(Write)	12.5		ns	QSPI 4 lane format (5-6-5): T <sub>SCYCW</sub> > 25ns (see "6.4.12.") QSPI 4 lane format (6-6-6): T <sub>SCYCW</sub> > 16ns(see "6.4.13") Other Format T <sub>SCYCW</sub> > 12.5ns
	T <sub>SHW</sub>	S" L " " H " Pulse Width(Write)	T <sub>SCYCW</sub> / 2		ns	
	T <sub>SLW</sub>	S" L " " L " Pulse Width(Write)	T <sub>SCYCW</sub> / 2		ns	
	T <sub>SCYCR</sub>	Serial Clock Cycle(Read)	150		ns	
	T <sub>SHR</sub>	S" L " " H " Pulse Width(Read)	T <sub>SCYCR</sub> / 2		ns	
SDA(DIN) / (DOUT)	T <sub>SDS</sub>	Data Setup Time	5		ns	
	T <sub>SDH</sub>	Data Hold Time	5		ns	
	T <sub>ACC</sub>	Access Time	5	50	ns	CL <sub>max</sub> =30pF CL <sub>min</sub> =8pF
	T <sub>OH</sub>	Output Disable Time	10		ns	

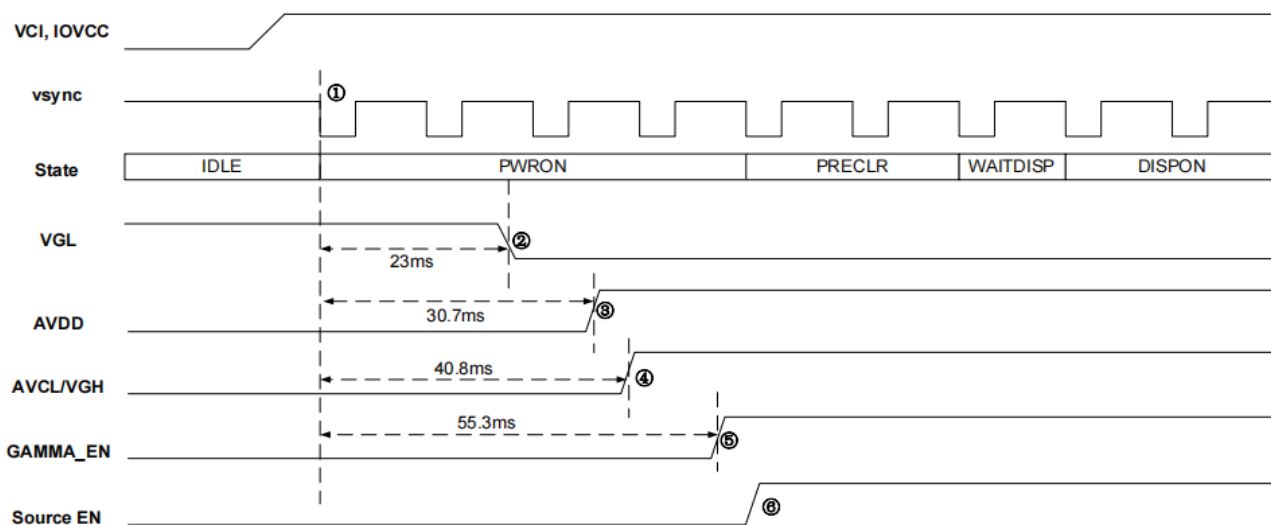
Note 1: IOVCC=1.65 to 3.3V, VCI=2.6 to 3.3V, AGND=GND=0V. Ta=-30 to 70°C (to +85°C no damage)

Note 2: The input signal rise time and fall time (tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less. Logic high and low levels are specified as 10% and 90% of IOVCC for Input signals.

#### 4-SPI Interface Characteristics:

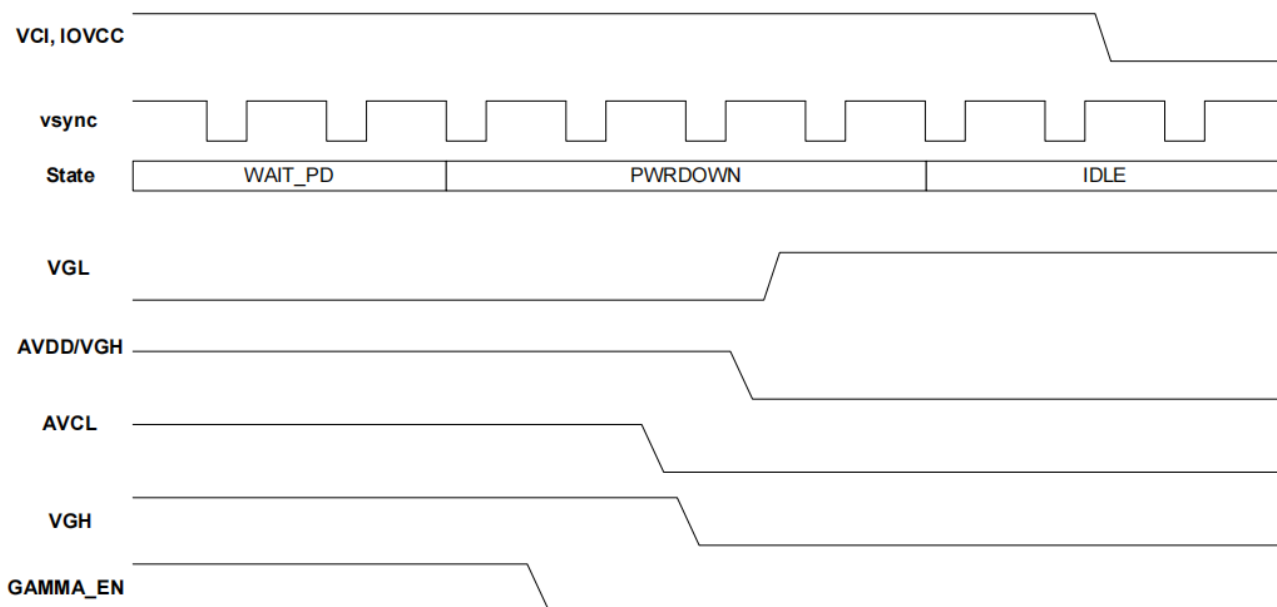
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	UNIT	Description
CSX	T <sub>CSS</sub>	Chip Select Setup Time	10		ns	
	T <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip Select Hold Time	30		ns	
	T <sub>CHW</sub>	Chip Select "H" Pulse Width	30		ns	
SCL	T <sub>SCYCW</sub>	Serial Clock Cycle(Write)	12.5		ns	
	T <sub>SHW</sub>	S "L" "H" Pulse Width(Write)	T <sub>SCYCW</sub> /2		ns	
	T <sub>SLW</sub>	S "L" "L" Pulse Width(Write)	T <sub>SCYCW</sub> /2		ns	
	T <sub>SCYCR</sub>	Serial Clock Cycle(Read)	150		ns	
	T <sub>SHR</sub>	S "L" "H" Pulse Width(Read)	T <sub>SCYCR</sub> /2		ns	
	T <sub>SLR</sub>	S "L" "L" Pulse Width(Read)	T <sub>SCYCR</sub> /2		ns	
D/CX	T <sub>DCS</sub>	D/CX Setup Time	5		ns	
	T <sub>DCH</sub>	D/CX Hold Time	5		ns	
SDA(DIN) (DOUT)	T <sub>SDS</sub>	Data Setup Time	5		ns	
	T <sub>SDH</sub>	Data Hold Time	5		ns	
	T <sub>ACC</sub>	Access Time	5	50	ns	CLmax=30pF CLmin=8pF
	T <sub>OH</sub>	Output Disable Time	10		ns	

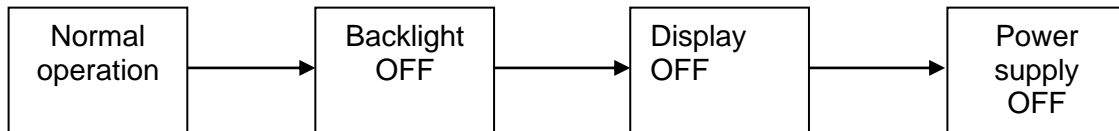
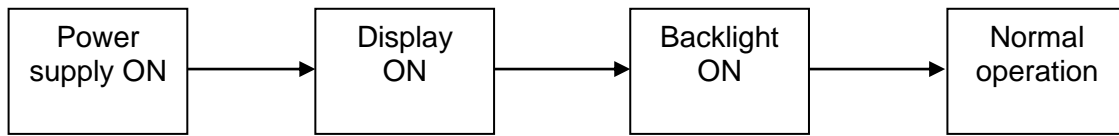
### 5.3 Power ON Timing (VDD=VCI,VDDIO=IOVCC)



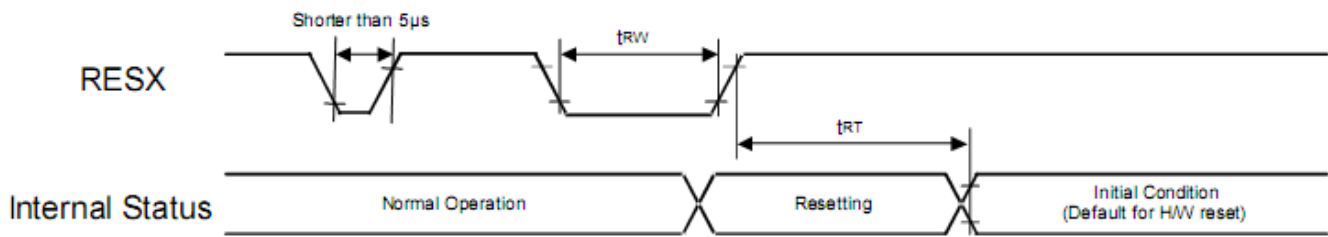
No.	Description	Min. Time
1	After VCI/IOVCC become stable , reset finished and host send command "11H"	Decide by host 11H command
2	VGL from 0V to -11.5V	23ms
3	AVDD from VCI to 6.6V	30.7ms
4	AVCL from 0 to -5V and VGH from AVDD to 15.4	40.8ms
5	Gamma output enable	55.3ms
6	Source output enable	Decide by host "29H" command

### 5.4 Power OFF Timing (VDD=VCI)





### 5.5 Reset Timing



Symbol	Parameter	Related pins	Min.	Max.	Unit
$t_{RW}$	Reset pulse width <sup>(2)</sup>	RESX	10	-	$\mu s$
$t_{RT}$	Reset complete time <sup>(3)</sup>	-	-	5	ms
		-	-	120	ms

## 6 Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C

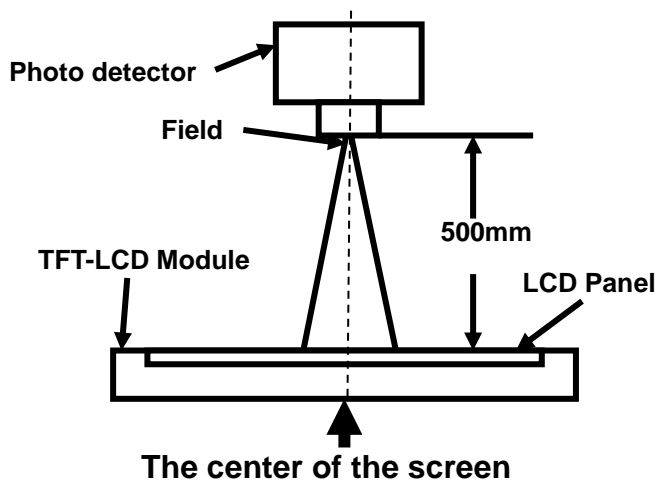
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark
View Angles	$\theta_T$	$CR \geq 10$	80	85	-	Degree	Note 2
	$\theta_B$		80	85	-		
	$\theta_L$		80	85	-		
	$\theta_R$		80	85	-		
Contrast Ratio	CR	$\theta=0^\circ$	800	1000	-		Note1 Note3
Response Time	T <sub>ON</sub>	25°C	-	30	35	ms	Note1 Note4
	T <sub>OFF</sub>						
Chromaticity	White	Backlight is on	x	0.246	0.276	0.306	Note1 Note5
			y	0.255	0.285	0.315	
	Red		x	0.529	0.559	0.589	
			y	0.282	0.312	0.342	
	Green		x	0.315	0.345	0.375	
			y	0.548	0.578	0.608	
	Blue		x	0.121	0.151	0.181	
			y	0.058	0.088	0.118	
Uniformity	U		-	80	-	%	Note1 Note6
NTSC			-	50	-	%	Note 5
Luminance	L		-	450	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note1 Note7

Test Conditions:

1. I<sub>F</sub>= 40 mA, V<sub>F</sub>=16.0 V and the ambient temperature is 25±2°C. humidity is 65±7%
2. The test systems refer to Note 1 and Note 2.

**Note 1: Definition of optical measurement system.**

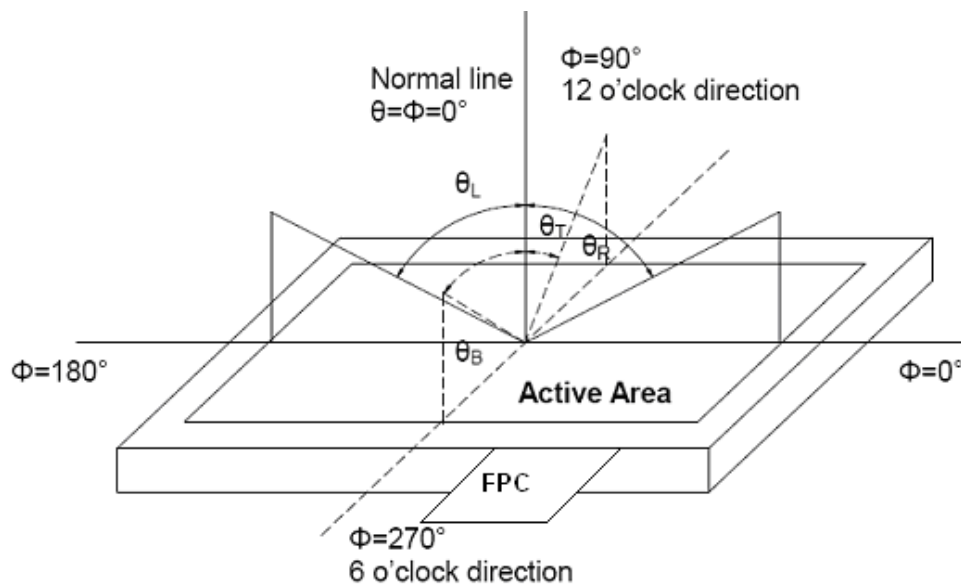
Properties are measured at the center point of the LCD screen. All input terminals LCD panel must be ground when measuring the center area of the panel.



Item	Photo detector	Field
Contrast Ratio	SR-3A or similar equipment	1°
Luminance		
Chromaticity		
Lum Uniformity	BM-7A	2°
Response Time		

**Note 2: Definition of viewing angle range and measurement system.**

Viewing angle is measured at the center point of the LCD by CONOSCOPE(ergo-80).



**Note 3: Definition of contrast ratio**

$$\text{Contrast ratio (CR)} = \frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD is on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD is on the "Black" state}}$$

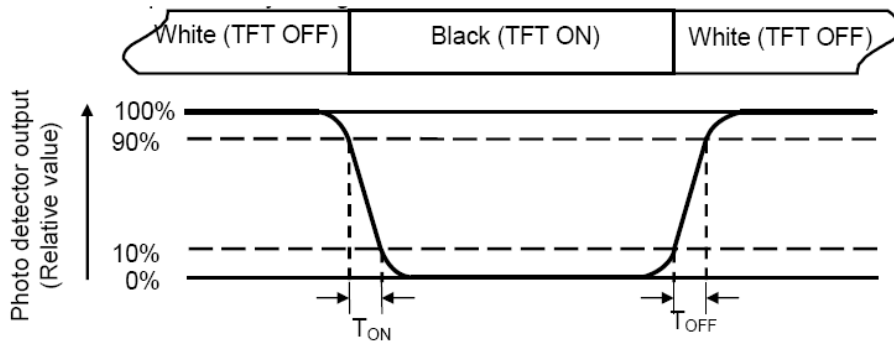
“White state “: The state is that the LCD should drive by V<sub>white</sub>.

“Black state” : The state is that the LCD should drive by V<sub>black</sub>.

V<sub>white</sub>: To be determined      V<sub>black</sub>: To be determined.

**Note 4: Definition of response time**

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between “White” state and “Black” state. Rise time ( $T_{ON}$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time ( $T_{OFF}$ ) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.



**Note 5: Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)**

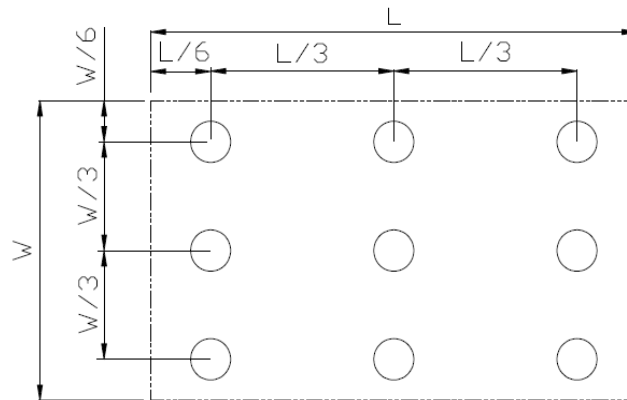
Color coordinates measured at center point of LCD.

**Note 6: Definition of luminance uniformity**

Active area is divided into 9 measuring areas (Refer Fig. 2). Every measuring point is placed at the center of each measuring area.

Luminance Uniformity ( $U$ ) =  $L_{min} / L_{max}$

L-----Active area length W----- Active area width



$L_{max}$ : The measured Maximum luminance of all measurement position.

$L_{min}$ : The measured Minimum luminance of all measurement position.

**Note 7: Definition of luminance:**

Measure the luminance of white state at center point.

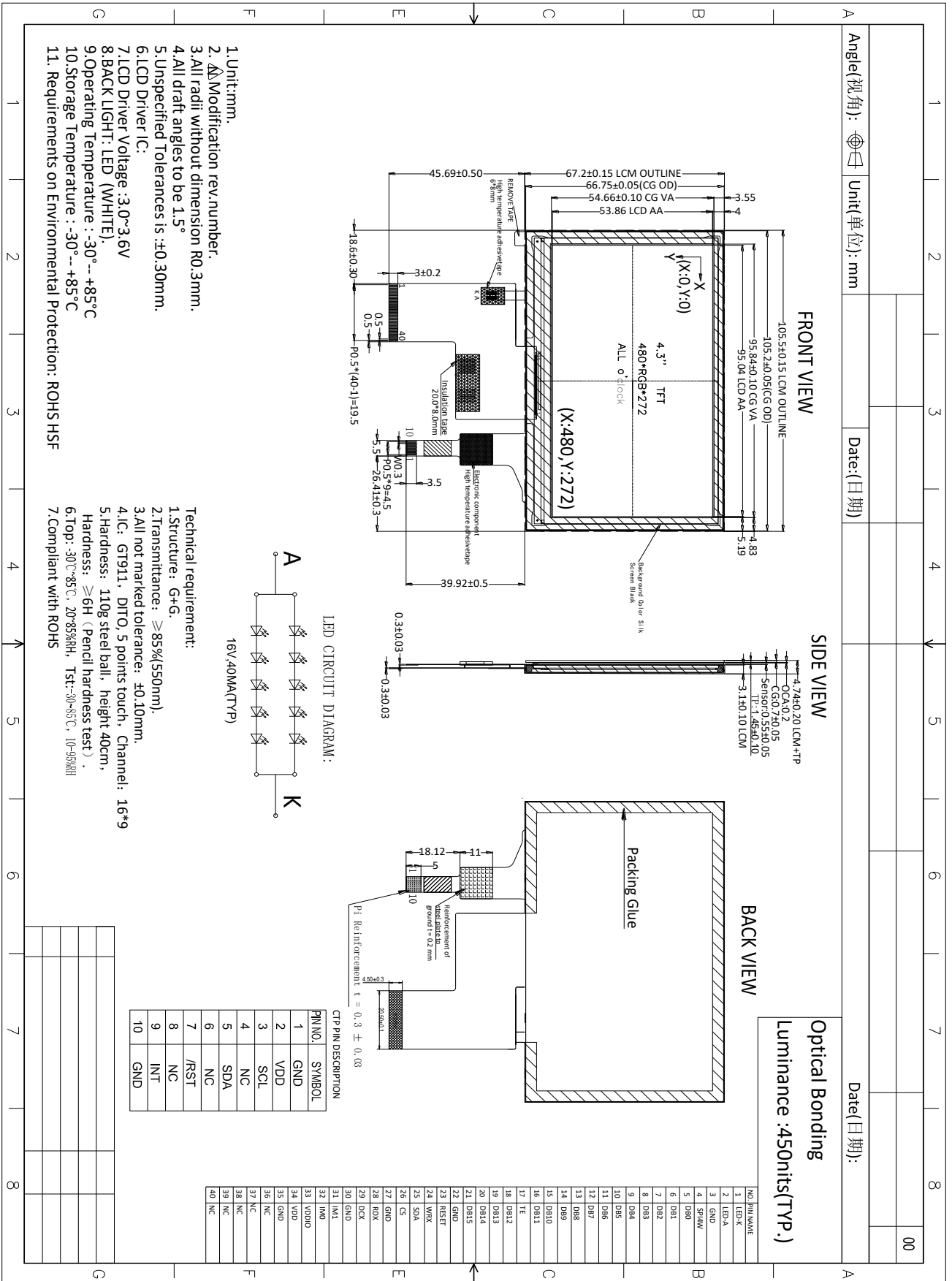
## 7 Environmental / Reliability Test

No	Test Item	Condition	Remarks
1	High Temperature Operation	T <sub>s</sub> = +85°C, 240 hours	No abnormalities in functions
2	Low Temperature Operation	T <sub>a</sub> = -30°C, 240 hours	No abnormalities in functions
3	High Temperature Storage	T <sub>a</sub> = +85°C, 240 hours	No abnormalities in functions
4	Low Temperature Storage	T <sub>a</sub> = -30°C, 240 hours	No abnormalities in functions
5	Storage at High Temperature and Humidity	T <sub>a</sub> = +60°C, 90% RH max, 240 hours	No abnormalities in functions
6	Thermal Shock (non-operating)	-30°C 30 min ~ +70°C 30 min, Change time: 0.5 hour ← 5 min → 0.5 hour. 10 Cycle	Start with cold temperature, End with high temperature,
7	ESD	C=150pF, R=330Ω, 5point/panel Air: ±8Kv, 5times; Contact: ±4Kv, 5times (Environment: 15°C~35°C, 30%~60%. 86Kpa~106Kpa)	No abnormalities in functions

Note1: T<sub>s</sub> is the temperature of panel's surface.

Note2: T<sub>a</sub> is the ambient temperature of samples.

# 8 Mechanical Drawing



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## 9 Precautions for Use of LCD Modules

### Handling Precautions

9.1.1 The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.

9.1.2 If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.

9.1.3 Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.

9.1.4 The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.

9.1.5 If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketone
- Aromatic solvents

9.1.6 Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.

9.1.7 If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

9.1.8 To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

9.1.8.1 Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.

9.1.8.2 Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.

9.1.8.3 To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.

9.1.8.4 The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

### Storage Precautions

9.2.1 When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.

9.2.2 The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is: Temperature : 0°C ~ 40°C      Relatively humidity: ≤80%

9.2.3 The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.

### Transportation Precautions

9.3.1 The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.