

# LIGHT EMITTING DIODE SPECIFICATION

|              |                    |
|--------------|--------------------|
| DESCRIPTION: | IE-3227RB-SB-L-R-C |
| REVISION:    | V2.2               |
| ISSUE DATE:  | 2020-03-11         |

## Features:

- Long operating life
- Low Power Consumption
- Epoxy package
- Low voltage DC operated
- RoHS Compliant



## Application:

- Backlight
- Decoration lighting
- motormeter
- Indicator

| Part Number        | Dice Material | Emitted Color | Lens Color  |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| IE-3227RB-SB-L-R-C | AlGaInP/InGaN | Red/Blue      | Water Clear |

## Electro-Optical Characteristics (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C, @30mA)

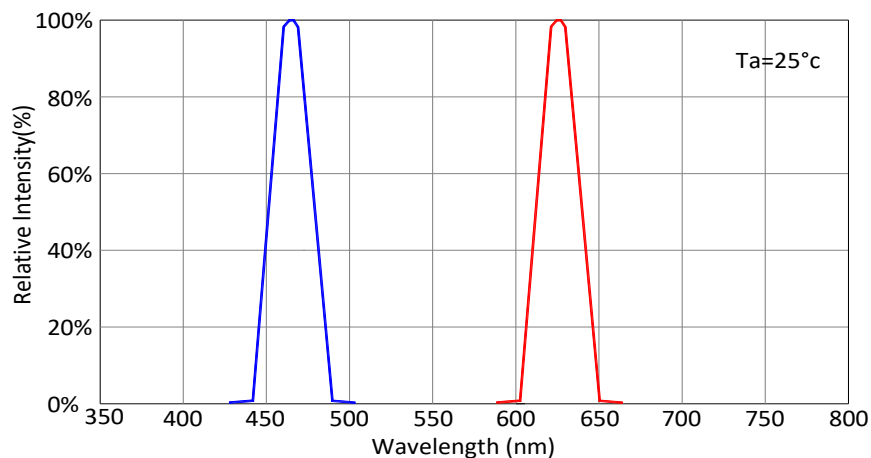
| Parameter           | Color                                                                               | Symbol          | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|
| Luminous Intensity  |  | IV              | 200  | -    | 600  | mcd  |
|                     |  |                 | 200  | -    | 600  |      |
| Radiation Bandwidth |  | $\Delta\lambda$ | -    | 15   | -    | nm   |
|                     |  |                 | -    | 35   | -    |      |
| Forward Voltage     |  | VF              | 1.90 | 2.00 | 2.40 | v    |
|                     |  |                 | 2.90 | 3.00 | 3.40 |      |
| Dominant Wavelength |  | $\lambda_d$     | 620  | 625  | 630  | nm   |
|                     |  |                 | 460  | 465  | 475  |      |
| Viewing Angle       | -                                                                                   | 2 $\theta$ 1/2  | -    | 30   | -    | deg  |
| Reverse Current     | -                                                                                   | IR              | -    | -    | 10   | uA   |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

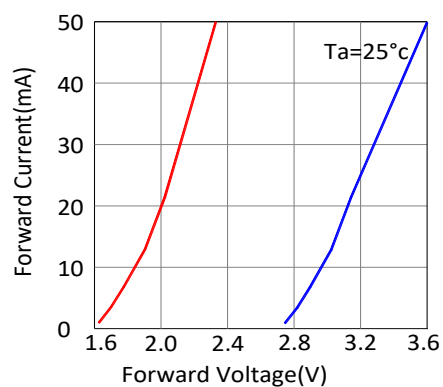
| Parameter                                                | Symbol | Max.             | Unit |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------|------|
| Peak Forward Current(1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width) | IPF    | 100              | mA   |
| Forward Current                                          | IF     | 20               | mA   |
| Reverse Voltage                                          | VR     | 5                | v    |
| Electrostatic Discharge                                  | ESD    | 2000             | v    |
| Operating Temperature Range                              | Topr   | -40to+90         | °C   |
| Storage Temperature Range                                | Tstg   | -40to+90         | °C   |
| Reflow Soldering                                         | Tsld   | 260°C for 10secs |      |

## Optical & Electrical Characteristics

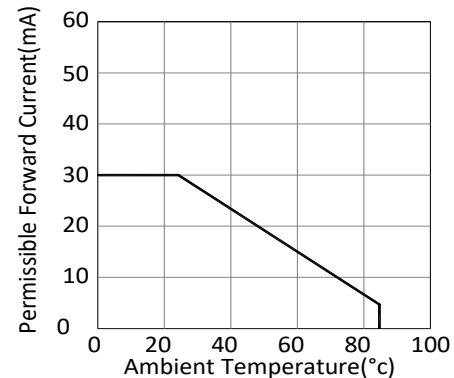
Relative Intensity vs.Wavelength



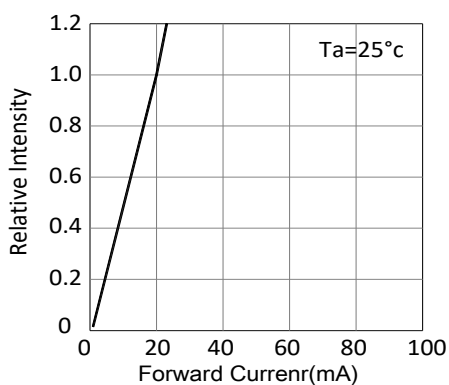
Forward Current vs.Forward Voltage



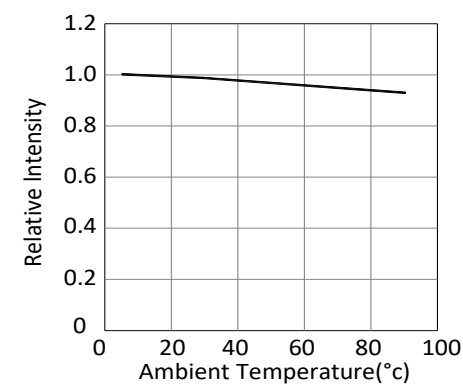
Forward Current vs.Ambient Temperature



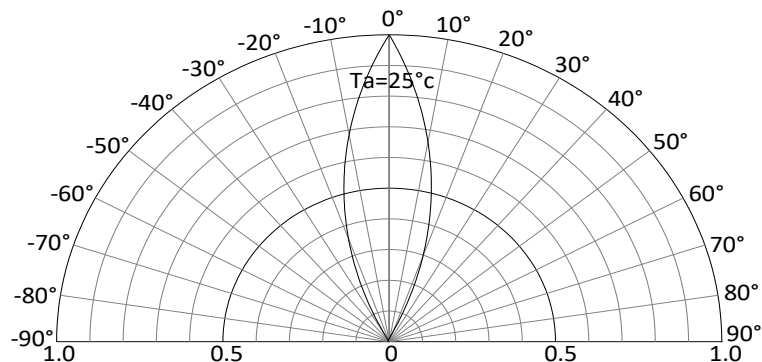
Relative Intensity vs.Forward Current



Relative Intensity vs.Ambient Temperature



Radiation Pattern

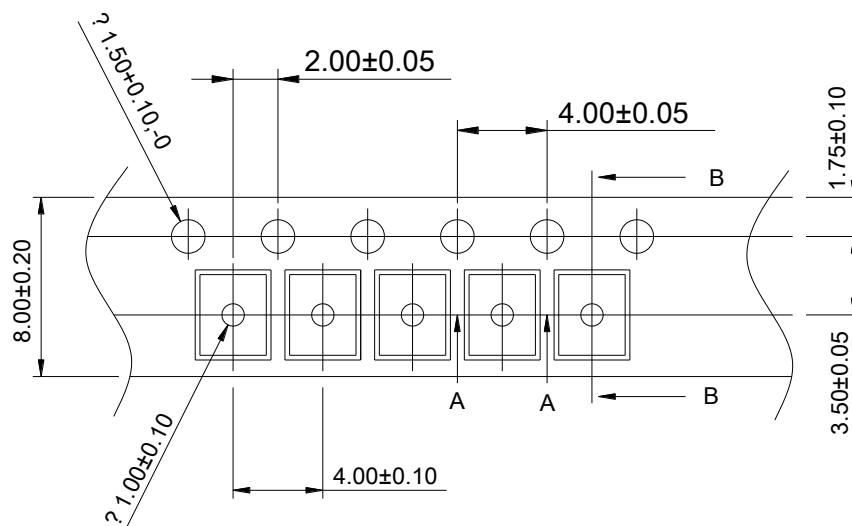
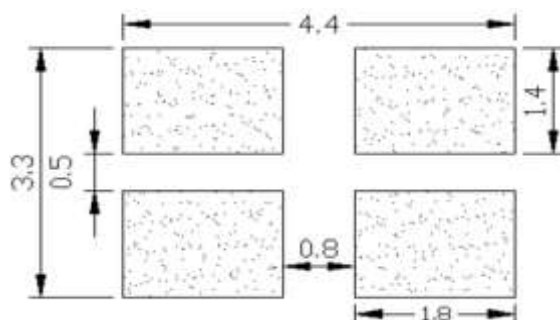
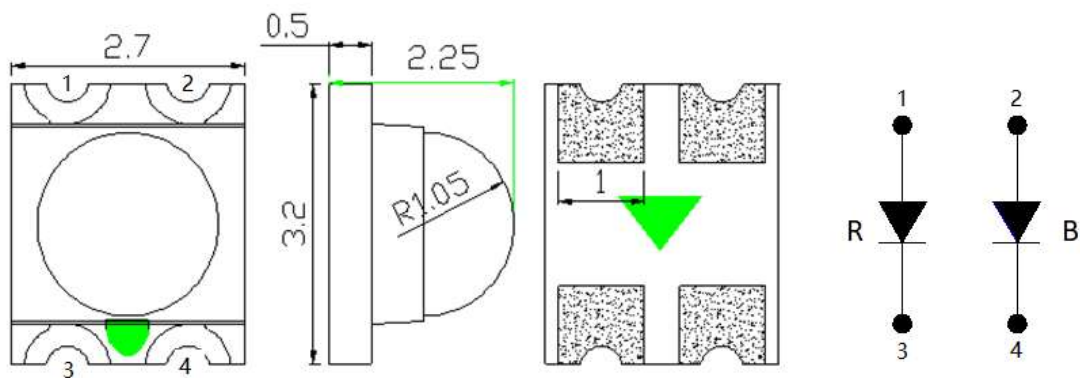


## Reliability Test Items And Conditions

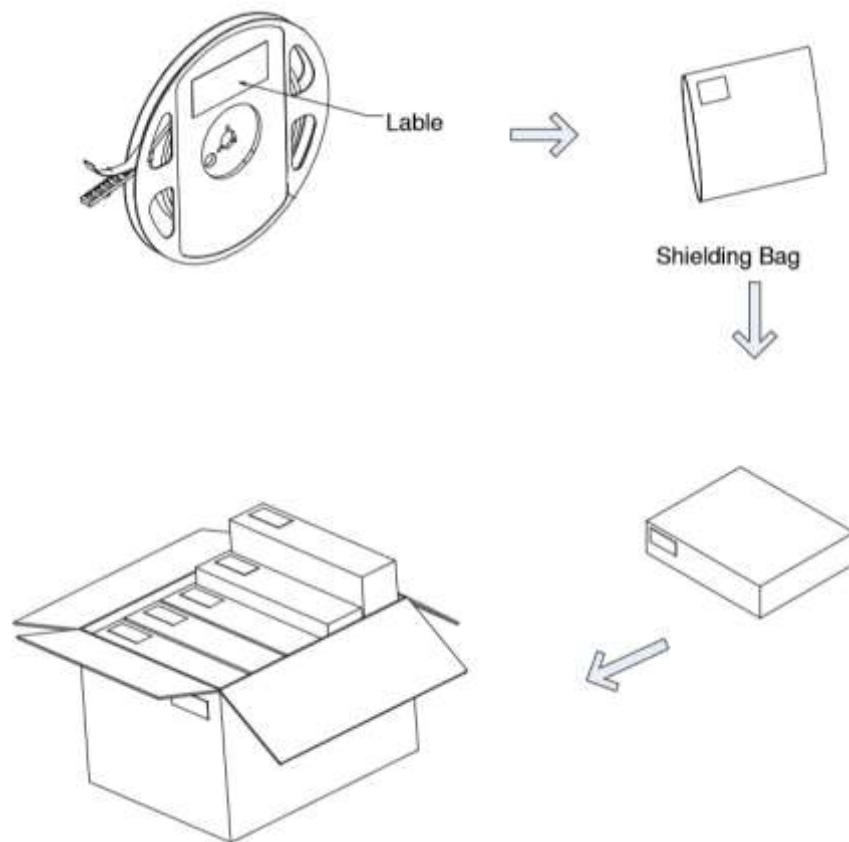
| Test Items                                | Reference                  | Test Conditions               | Time          | Quantity | Criterion |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|
| Thermal Shock                             | MIL-STD-202G               | -40℃ (30min)<br>-100℃ (30min) | 100<br>Cycles | 22       | 0/22      |
| Temperature And Humidity<br>Cyclic        | JEITA ED-4701 200<br>203   | -10℃~65℃ ;<br>0%~90%RH        | 10cycles      | 22       | 0/22      |
| High Temperature Storage                  | JEITA ED -4071 200<br>201  | Ta=100℃                       | 1000H         | 22       | 0/22      |
| Low Temperature Storage                   | JEITA ED -4071 200<br>202  | Ta=-40℃                       | 1000H         | 22       | 0/22      |
| High Temperature High<br>Humidity Storage | JEITA ED -4071 100<br>103  | Ta=60℃ ;<br>RH=90%            | 1000H         | 22       | 0/22      |
| High Temperature Life Test                | JESD22-A108D               | Ta=80℃                        | 1000H         | 22       | 0/22      |
| Life Test                                 | JESD22-A108D               | Ta=25℃<br>IF=20mA             | 1000H         | 22       | 0/22      |
| Resistance to Soldering<br>Heat           | GB/T 4937, II ,<br>2.2&2.3 | Tsol*=(240±5)<br>℃ 10secs     | 2 times       | 22       | 0/22      |

## Criteria For Judging Damage

| Test Items                      | Symbol         | Test Conditions                 | Criteria For Judging Damage                                                           |
|---------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Forward Voltage                 | V <sub>F</sub> | I <sub>F</sub> =I <sub>FT</sub> | Initial Data±10%                                                                      |
| Reverse Current                 | I <sub>R</sub> | V <sub>R</sub> =5V              | I <sub>R</sub> ≤10uA                                                                  |
| Luminous Intensity              | I <sub>V</sub> | I <sub>F</sub> =I <sub>FT</sub> | Average I <sub>V</sub> degradation≤30% ; Single LED I <sub>V</sub><br>degradation≤50% |
| Resistance to<br>Soldering Heat | -              | -                               | Material without internal cracks,no material<br>between stripped,no dead light        |

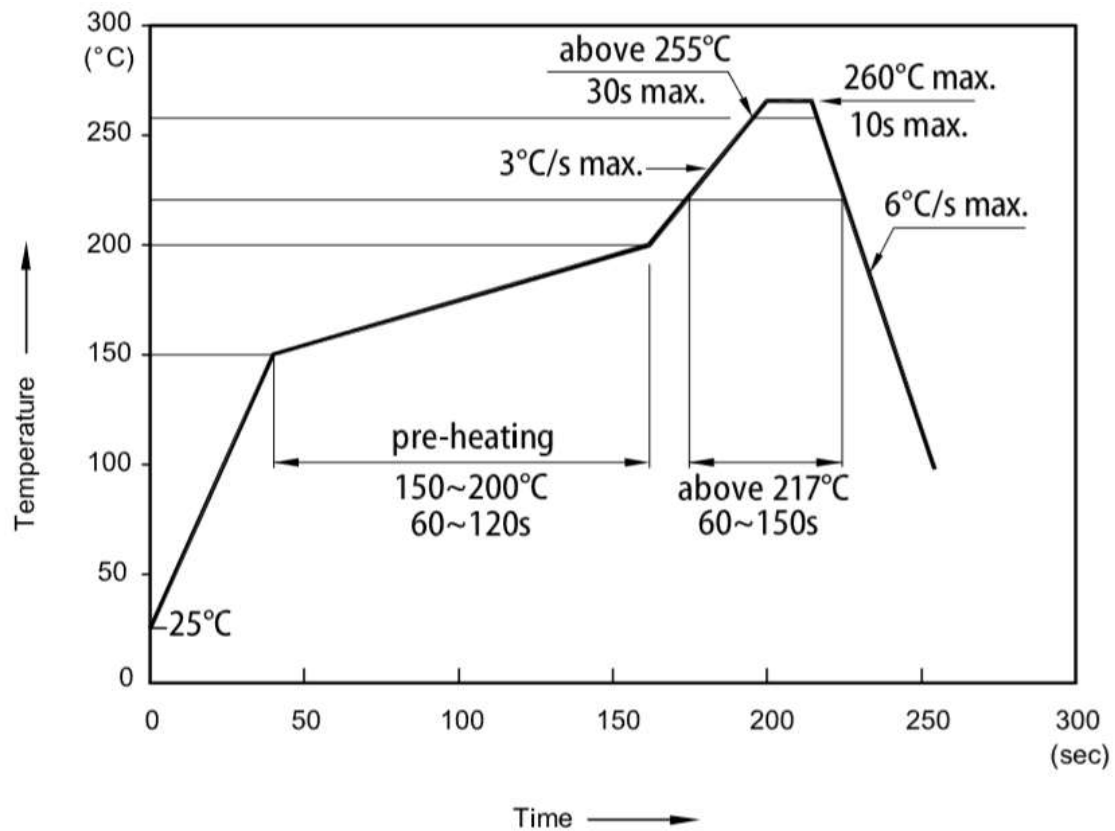


## Packaging



## Useful hint

### Reflow Soldering Instructions



1. Don't cause stress to the LEDs while it is exposed to high temperature.
2. The maximum number of reflow soldering passes is 2 times.
3. Reflow soldering is recommended. Other soldering methods are not recommended as they might cause damage to the product.

## Precautions

### 1. Storage:

- Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, to keep moisture to a minimum.
- Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 60% RH, and be used within a year.
- After opening the package, the product should be stored at 30°C or less and humidity less than 10%RH. It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.
- If the moisture absorbent material has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition: (70±5)°C for 24 hours.

### 2. Static Electricity:

Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the forward voltage becoming lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current, even not light.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time, it is recommended that wrist bands or anti-electrostatic gloves, anti-electrostatic containers be used when dealing with the LEDs.

### 3. Vulcanization:

LED curing is due to sulfur being in bracket and the +1 price of silver in the chemical reaction generated Ag<sub>2</sub>S in the process. It will lead to the capacity of reflecting of silver layer reducing, light color temperature drift and serious decline, seriously affecting the performance of the product. So we should take corresponding measures to avoid vulcanization, such as to avoid using sulphur volatile substances and keeping away from high sulphur content of the material.